



International Baccalaureate Examinations and Assessments

DEFINITION OF MALPRACTICE (Source: General Regulations, IBO)

The IB Organization defines malpractice as behaviour that results in, or may result in, the candidate or any other candidate gaining an unfair advantage in one or more assessment components. Malpractice includes the following.

- a. Plagiarism: this is defined as the representation of the ideas or work of another person as the candidate's own.
- b. Collusion: this is defined as supporting malpractice by another candidate, as in allowing one's work to be copied or submitted for assessment by another.
- c. Duplication of work: this is defined as the presentation of the same work for different assessment components and/or IB diploma requirements.
- d. Any other behaviour that gains an unfair advantage for a candidate or that affects the results of another candidate (for example taking unauthorized material into an examination, misconduct during an examination, falsifying a CAS record, disclosure of information to and receipt of information from candidates about the content of an examination paper within 24 hours after a written examination).

OTHER TYPES OF MALPRACTICE

Malpractice most commonly involves plagiarism or collusion. However, there are other ways in which a candidate may commit malpractice and in so doing be in breach of the Regulations. The following examples of malpractice do not constitute an exhaustive list and refer only to the written examinations:

- taking unauthorized material into an examination room (such as cell/mobile phone, written notes).
- leaving and/or accessing unauthorized material in a bathroom/restroom that may be visited during an examination
- misconduct during an examination, including any attempt to disrupt the examination or distract another candidate
- exchanging information or in any way supporting the passing on of information to another candidate about the content of an examination
- failing to comply with the instructions of the invigilator or other member of the school's staff responsible for the conduct of the examination
- impersonating another candidate
- stealing examination papers
- using an unauthorized calculator during an examination, or using a calculator when one is not permitted for the examination paper
- disclosing or discussing the content of an examination paper with a person outside the immediate school community within 24 hours after the examination.

(Source: Academic Honesty Section 2.9, IBO)

Taking unauthorized material (for example, own rough paper, notes, a mobile/cell phone or an electronic device other than a permitted calculator) into an examination is the most common type of malpractice after plagiarism and collusion. At the start of an examination candidates must be given the opportunity to declare any unauthorized material in their possession. However, even if this opportunity is not given by the invigilator, a candidate will still be found guilty of malpractice by the final award committee if unauthorized material is in their possession. "In their possession" may be taken to mean on the person of the candidate, in the candidate's immediate proximity (such as on the floor or desk) or placed somewhere (such as a bathroom/restroom) for access during the examination. It is very important to note that guilt will be confirmed by the committee regardless of whether this material is used, was or was not intended for use or contains information relevant or potentially relevant to the examination. The actual possession of unauthorized material constitutes malpractice; the final award committee is not required to establish whether the candidate used or intended to use the material. No leniency is shown to a candidate who claims that they were unaware the material was in their possession.

(Source: Academic Honesty Section 2.10, IBO)

NOTE: *The above further applies to all classwork and assessments in all classes, through Internal Assessment components, and other such materials as are included for the determination of student grades or points earned.*

Absolute academic honesty and integrity is a must.

Do not behave in such a way as to raise any questions surrounding your conduct in relation to your exams.